संचालनालय स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं
सतपुड़ा भवन, भोपाल, मध्यप्रदेश
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क. /अई.डी.एस.पी. /2020/197
भोपाल, दिनांक...07.3.2020
प्रति,

समस्त मुख्य चिकित्सा एवं स्वास्थ्य अधिकारी, म.प्र।
समस्त सिविल सर्जन, सह मुख्य अस्पताल अधीक्षक म.प्र।

विषय:- नोबल कोरोना वायरस (COVID-19) वैदिकी की अधिसूचना के संबंध में।

उपरोक्त विषयांतर लेख है कि मध्यप्रदेश शासन, लोक स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार
कल्याण विभाग के पत्र क्रमांक एक 10-02/2020/सत्रह/मेडिकली-02 के परिपेक्ष सम
कोरोना वायरस बीमारी के लिए अधिसूचना जारी की गई है।

अतः अधिसूचना तथा मध्य प्रदेश पब्लिक हेल्थ एवं 1949 के संदर्भित अंश संलगन
है।

संलग्न :- उपरोक्तानुसार 03 पृष्ठ।

(डॉ. वीणा सिन्हा)
अपर संचालक
संचालनालय स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं
मध्य प्रदेश

पृ.क. /अई.डी.एस.पी. /2020/
प्रतिलिपि:- कृपया सूचना एवं पालनार्थः

1. प्रमुख सचिव, लोक स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण विभाग, मंत्रीगृह, वर्ल्ड भवन, भोपाल
   म.प्र।
2. आयुक्त स्वास्थ्य, संचालनालय स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं, सतपुड़ा भवन भोपाल, म.प्र।
3. मिशन संचालक, एन.एच.एम. अरसा हिल्स, जैन रोड, भोपाल।
4. संचालक, संचालनालय स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं, सतपुड़ा भवन भोपाल, म.प्र।
5. समस्त क्षेत्रीय संचालक, संभागीय स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं, म.प्र।
6. समस्त जिला सर्विस्ट्रेट अधिकारी/जिला एपिडिमियोलोजिस्ट, म.प्र।

अपर संचालक
संचालनालय स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं
मध्य प्रदेश
मध्यप्रदेश शासन
लोक स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण विभाग
मंत्रालय

:: अधिसूचना ::

भोपाल, दिनांक 07 मार्च, 2020

कर्मांकः एक 10-02/2020/शास्त्री-गड़ि-2: नागरिक के विभिन्न भागों में विवाद कोरोना (COVID-19) के संक्रमण से स्वास्थ्य तथा जीवन की दूरी को छोड़कर जीवन की उत्तम हुई बिजली में परिवार में मध्यप्रदेश रेपोर्ट की संभावना दो दृष्टिकोण रखने हुए ग्रामीण के समस्त गृह विकल्प एवं स्वास्थ्य अधिकारियों तथा सिद्धांत खर्चन सह मुख्य अस्पताल अधीक्षकों को मध्यप्रदेश प्रदेश स्वास्थ्य हेल्थ एक्ट 1949 के संवेदन 71 (2) में प्रावधानित समस्त अधिकार प्रहार किये जाने हैं।

उपरेक्षा अधिकार आमाली आदेश नक ग्रामीण होंगे।

मध्यप्रदेश के राज्यपाल के नाम से तथा
आदेशानुसार,

07/2020
(राजीव चौराहा दुबे)
सचिव
मध्यप्रदेश शासन
लोक स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण विभाग
torium for being forthwith buried or cremated, no
person shall remove the body from the hospital or
place except for such a purpose.

(b) When the body is removed for the purpose aforesaid, it shall forthwith be taken direct to a burial
or burning-ground or a crematorium and there
buried or cremated with the least practicable
delay.

(5) Without the permission of the Health Officer or a
Magistrate, no person shall cause or permit to be carried in a
public conveyance the dead body of any person who has died
while suffering from an infectious disease.

(6) No person shall deposit in any river, stream, tank or
lake the remains of any person who has died of any infectious
disease unless the body has been completely incinerated.

70. In the event of the prevalence of an infectious
disease in any local area, on the application of the Health Officer,
yany Magistrate, not being a Magistrate of the third class,
having local jurisdiction shall have power to prohibit either
generally, or by special order in any individual case, assemblages
consisting of any number of persons exceeding fifty, in any
place whether public or private, or in any circumstances,
or for any purpose, if in his opinion such assemblages in such
place, in such circumstances, or for such purpose would be
likely to become a means of spreading the disease or of rendering
it more virulent.

71. (1) In the event of the prevalence or threatened out-break of an infectious disease in any local area, the
Government may, by notification—

(a) declare that such local area is visited or threatened
with an out-break of such disease, and

(b) confer on the Health Officer or any other Officer
of the local authority concerned, or on any Officer
of the Government not below the rank of Tahsildar,
all or any of the powers specified in subsection (2).

(2) The powers which may be conferred under sub-
section (1) are—

(a) powers to order the evacuation of infected house
and houses adjoining them or in their neighbour-
hood, or generally of all houses in any infected
locality;

(b) power to make vaccination and preventive inocula-
tions compulsory subject to the provisions of sub-
section (3);
THE MADHYA PRADESH PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1949

(e) power to direct—

(i) that persons arriving from places outside the local area, or residing in any building adjacent to, or in the neighbourhood of, an infected building, shall be examined by any one of a specified class of medical officers;

(ii) that the clothing, bedding or other articles belonging to such persons shall be disinfected if there is reason to suspect that they have been exposed to infection; and

(iii) that any such person shall give his address and present himself daily for medical examination at a specified time and place, for a period not exceeding ten days;

(d) power to take such measures as may be necessary—

(i) in respect of, or in relation to persons exposed to infection from any infectious disease, or likely to infect other persons with any such disease; and

(ii) in respect of, or in relation to articles exposed to infection from any infectious disease, or likely to infect persons with any such disease,

including, in case (i) the placing of restriction on the movements of such persons, and in case (ii) the destruction of such articles and the placing of restrictions on their export from, import into, or transport within the local area;

(e) power to direct that at any place within or outside the local area, any consignment of grains exported from, or imported into, such area by rail, road or otherwise, shall be examined and, if necessary, unloaded and disinfected in any specified manner;

(f) power to close all or any existing markets and to appoint special places where market may be held; and

(g) power to recommend the prohibition of any fair or festival.

(3) (a) If any person who, or a child in whose care, is sought to be vaccinated or inoculated in pursuance of the power referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (2), declares before a Magistrate specially empowered by the Government in this behalf that as a result of a careful inquiry into the subject he believes that such vaccination or inoculation will be injurious to his health or the health of the child, as the case may be, the Magistrate may, after giving notice to the Health Officer and hearing any representations made